

## A board game for 2 to 4 players by Stephen Tavener

Web of Flies is an abstract strategy game played on a hexagonal web, in which each player controls a team of spiders (represented by spider-shaped pieces with 1 to 8 legs each). There are also some neutral flies scattered around the web.

Each turn, a player must make a capture by moving one of their spiders onto an enemy piece (or a fly). Spiders can move over friendly spiders and empty spaces; however, they may not pass over enemy spiders.

The game ends when only player has 8-legged spiders remaining, or neither player can move, at which point the player with most 8-legged spiders remaining is the winner; in the rare case of a tie, you look at the 7-legged spiders, and so on down.

## COMPONENTS

**Basic game (2 players):** Board, 16 red spiders, 16 green spiders, 5 flies and carrying case.

## SETUP

These rules assume as 2-player game. For 3 and 4 player rules, go to the end of the rules.

Each player gets 16 spiders of the same colour; two each with 1 leg, two each with 2 legs, and so on up to 8 legs. Spiders with just 1 leg are very weak; spiders with 8 legs are the meanest, toughest spiders around. In addition, there are 5 rather nervous-looking flies.

Choose a start player. All the pieces (32 spiders and 5 flies) should be mixed, and randomly placed on the board.

To offset the starting advantage, the second player may now swap two of their pieces.

#### PLAY

Each turn, the active player must make a capture by moving one of their spiders onto either (a) a fly, or (b) an enemy piece.

#### Movement:

• Spiders move any distance, in a straight line.

 A spider may move over any number of empty spaces and/or friendly pieces, in any combination.

• A spider may NOT move over enemy pieces or flies.

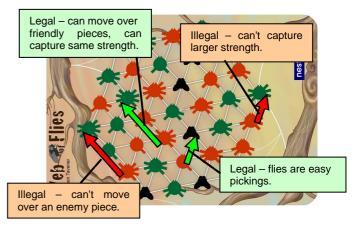
# Capture:

A spider must end its move on either (a) any fly, or (b) an enemy spider with an equal or lower number. The fly/enemy piece is eaten (captured) and removed from the board.

#### Passing:

Capture is compulsory if possible. However, if no capture is possible, the player must pass. These spiders are too lazy to move unless there is a meal on offer!

A player who passes is not out of the game, and may subsequently be able to move again.



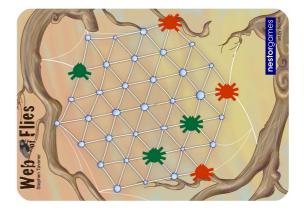
## **GAME END & WINNER**

The game can end in one of two ways, either:

(a) all players pass, or

(b) only one player has 8-legged spiders left on the board.

The winner is the player with the most 8-legged spiders remaining on the board. In the case of a tie, the player with most 7s wins; and so on down.



Drawing: End of game (no more moves for either side).Both players have one 8, one 7, and no 6es. Red wins because he has more 5s than his opponent.

#### **EXPANSION (3-4 players)**

The expansion contains 8 orange spiders, 8 yellow spiders, 8 flies and 5 large dewdrops.

#### 4-player games

In a 4-player game, each player gets one set of 8 spiders with 1 to 8 legs; after the random set-up, players 2, 3, and 4 (in that order) get to swap any two of their pieces.

## 3-player games

Each player gets one set of 8 spiders with 1 to 8 legs; 13 flies are used instead of 5. After the random set-up, players 2 and 3 (in that order) get to swap any two of their pieces.

#### Large dewdrops

The large dewdrops permanently block a space, and cannot be travelled over or eaten. They can either replace the flies (setup), or players can use a mix of large dewdrops and flies.